Right to Know Test (Initial)Answer Key

Name: SOUTHWEST GRAPHIC CHEMICAL SPEEDY CLEAN

18) How long is a company responsible for their hazardous

MSDS # 26

Forever or 'cradle to grave'

waste?

1) What is the flammability rating of this Chamical (HMIS)?	10) Containers should be grounded to prevent the building up
1) What is the flammability rating of this Chemical (HMIS)?	19) Containers should be grounded to prevent the buildup up
The answer is $\underline{3}$ MSDS # 1	static electricity. MSDS # 27
2) What type of Personal Protective Equipment should you	20) What type of gloves should you use? MSDS # 30
use when handling this chemical under normal conditions?	Nitrile or Butyl rubber
Glove and eye protection (X is OK!) MSDS #1	
3) What is more dangerous? A Chemical with a listed Low	<u>True or False</u>
PPM or High PPM? <u>Low PPM</u> MSDS # 6	
4) Where is the MSDS Binder located? Sec. III D	21) All MSDS Formats are the same. T <u>F</u> MSDS # 2
5) And the year on this chamical heavier on lighter than	
5) Are the vapors from this chemical heavier or lighter than	22) If this chemical catches on fire I should attempt to
air? Heavier MSDS # 8	extinguish it. (assume a large quantity) $T \underline{F}$
6) What type of odor does this chemical have?	MSDS # 13
Petroleum Odor MSDS # 9	23) It is <u>not</u> necessary to ground flammable liquids since they
7) What does an unusually strong odor possibly indicate?	cannot conduct electricity. $T \underline{F}$
a. Heavier than air vapors	MSDS # 27
b. A spill MSDS # 9	24) If you are <u>acutely</u> affected by overexposure to a chemical
c. Flashpoint greater than 100 degrees	your symptoms are generally felt immediately, but, there are
d. All of the above	not normally any lasting effects. $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ \mathbf{F}
8) What is the flashpoint of this chemical?	Sec. IV B & MSDS # 21
20 degrees Fahrenheit MSDS # 10	25) The two types of hazards are physical and health. $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ \mathbf{F}
9) Is this chemical a flammable or combustible by definition?	Sec. IV A
It is a Flammable MSDS # 11	26) According to the MSDS this chemical causes cancer. T $\underline{\mathbf{F}}$
10) Which of the following is an example of a hazardous	MSDS # 22
material? Sec. IB & VA	27) If this chemical is accidentally swallowed, vomiting
a) Wite out/ Liquid Paper	should be induced. $T \underline{F}$
b) Fixer/Developer	MSDS # 24
c) Press wash	28) Materials are flammable if they can eat through containers
d) All of the above.	and burn skin on contact. T <u>F</u>
11) Which type of extinguisher should be used on a electrical	MSDS # 19
fire? MSDS # 12	29) If you find an unknown material leaking from a container,
a) water-based	you should try and plug the leak at once. $T ext{ } extbf{F}$
b) A-type	Sec. VI B
c) AB-type	30) Chronic effects of overexposure to a chemical tend to be
d) ABC-type	more lasting or even permanent. $\underline{\mathbf{T}} \mathbf{F}$
12) What are the two types of health hazards?	Sec. IV B & MSDS # 21
Acute and Chronic MSDS # 21 & Sec. IV B	31) It is not necessary to label everything in secondary
13) What is the health rating of this chemical (HMIS)?	containers as long as you know what it is. T F
<u>2</u> MSDS # 1	Sec. VI A
14) Physical hazards are chemicals which are explosive,	
flammable, reactive and unstable. Sec. IV B	
15) The three items that must be on a container label are:	
a. Manufacturer's Name Sec. VI A (1-3)	
b. Product or Common Name	
c. Hazard Warning	
16) If you get this chemical into your eyes, you should flush	
with cool, clean water for at least 15 minutes. MSDS # 24	
17) What should you do if you notice a large leak or spill has	
occurred? Notify your supervisor MSDS # 25	
10) II 1	